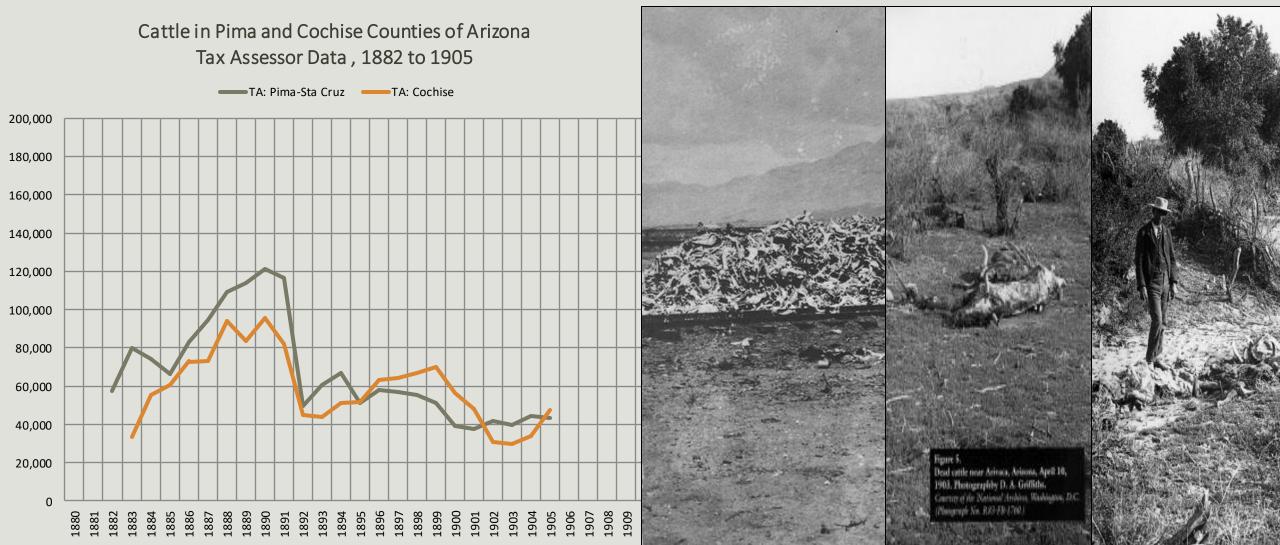


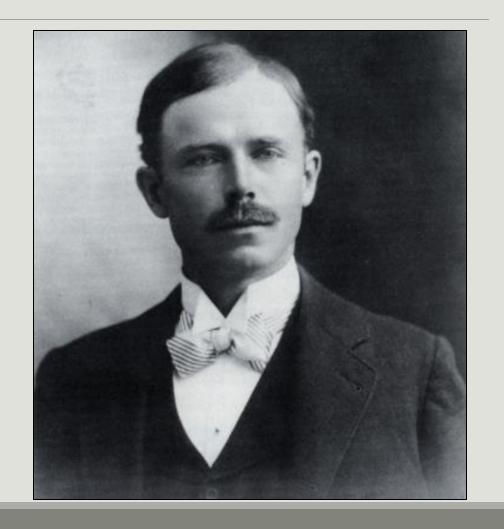


Grazing in the Arizona Territory



Robert H. Forbes

- Moved to Tucson in 1894
- Professor and Chemist
- •U of A, Arizona Agricultural Experiment Station [Arizona Experiment Station]







VIEW TAKEN IN A GLADE IN THE CAPITAN MOUNTAINS, NEW MEXICO, TEN MINUTES AFTER A SUMMER SHOWER, SHOWING THE WATER BREAKING THE SOD ON A CATTLE TRAIL, MAKING THE FIRST WASH OR CUT IN THE VALLEY.

Robert H. Forbes

"The ruinous methods which seem inevitable upon a public range, which, being everybody's property, is nobody's care..."

-Robert H. Forbes 1901



Forbes and Pinchot

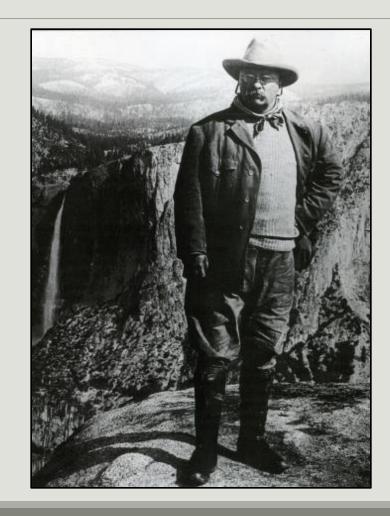
- •In 1901 Forbes meets Gifford Pinchot in Denver, Colorado at the annual meeting of the American Forestry Association
- •Forbes gives a presentation on the need to establish a large scale rangeland reserve to examine ecological interactions of livestock grazing and restoration practices
- •The two continue the discussion following the presentation. Pinchot latches on to the idea and takes it with him back to D.C.



President Theodore Roosevelt

- On April 11, 1902 President Roosevelt issued Proclamations 467 and 468 establishing the San Isabel Forest Reserve of Colorado and the Santa Rita Forest Reserve (Santa Rita Experimental Range today) of Arizona
- Very first of the public lands designated and reserved under the presidency of Theodore Roosevelt
- •"its [SRER] purpose was expressly understood to be the study of grazing range problems with a view, if possible, to a demonstration on a large and convincing plan, of range restoration and control."

-JJ Thornber



SRER: U of A

The SRER was federally managed under the USDA Forest Service until 1988

The US Fish and Wildlife Service planned to establish a National Wildlife Refuge for the recovery of the masked bobwhite quail in Arizona

To do so required a land swap of Federal Land back to the State

Ownership of the SRER was transferred to the Arizona State Land Department and assigned to the U of A for purposes of rangeland and ecological research, education and outreach.



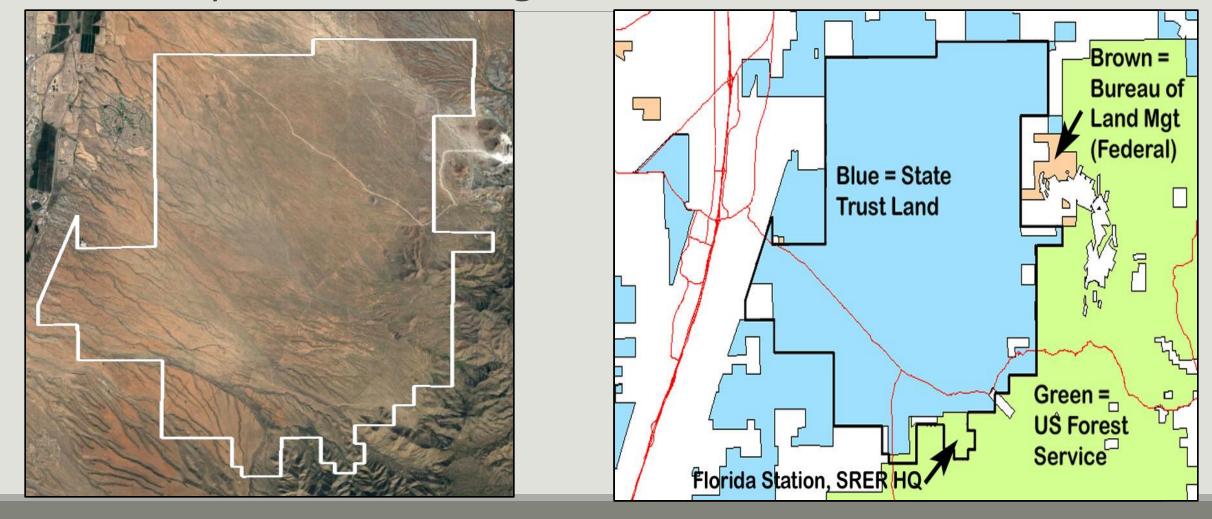
University of Arizona Bus at Box Canyon

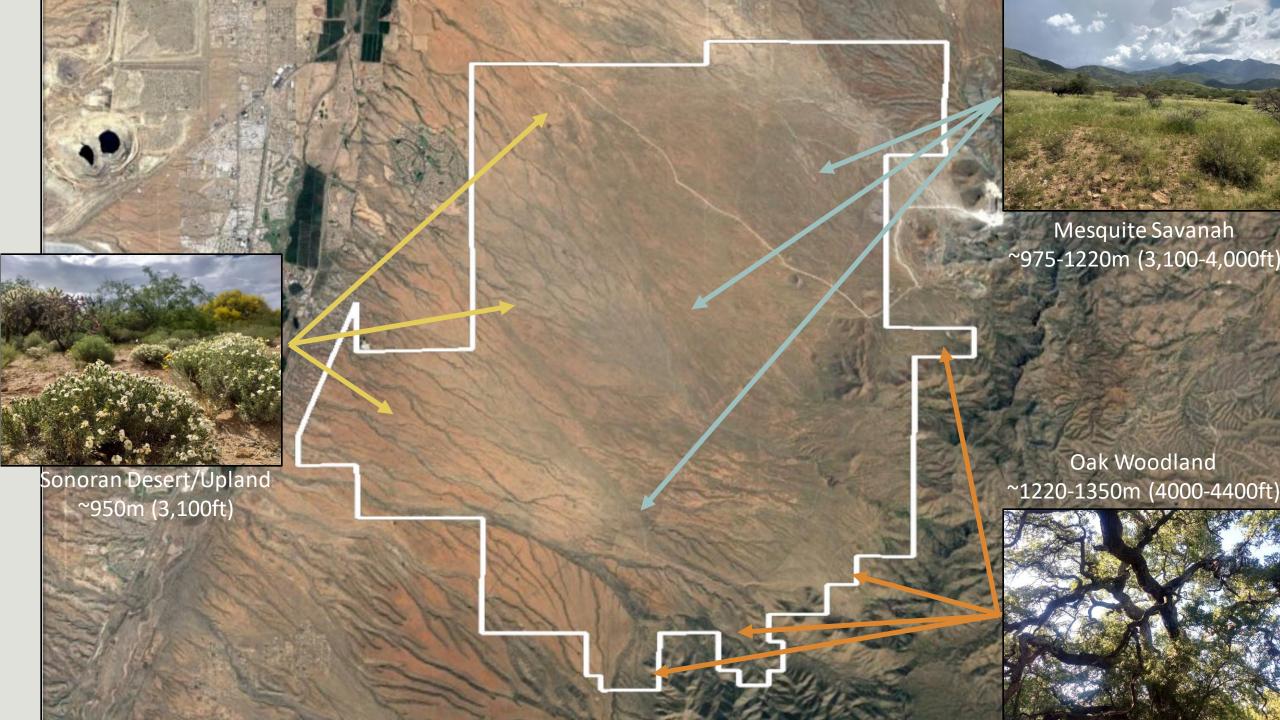
Photographer unknown. January 10, 1930.

Where is the SRER?



SRER: present designation





SRER: past





Branding Calves

Photographer unknown. May 23, 1922.

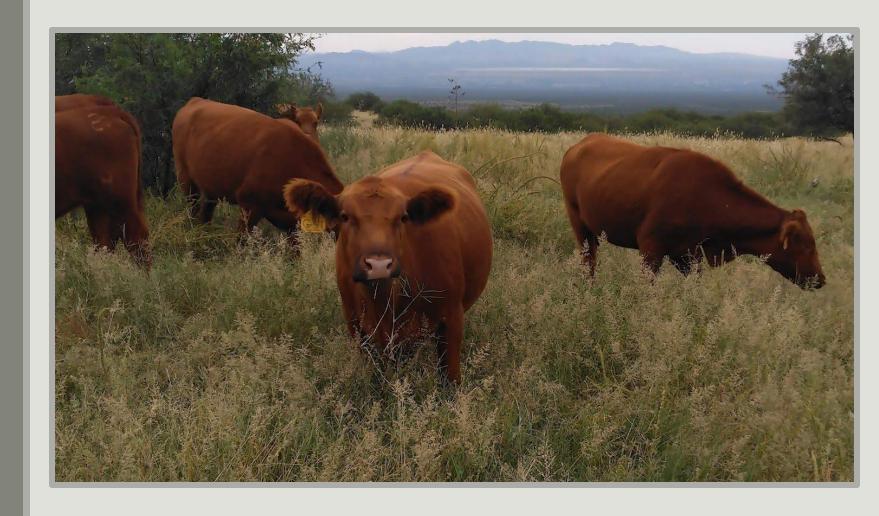


Observing Grazing Behavior from a Truck

Photo by Matt Culley. December 1937.

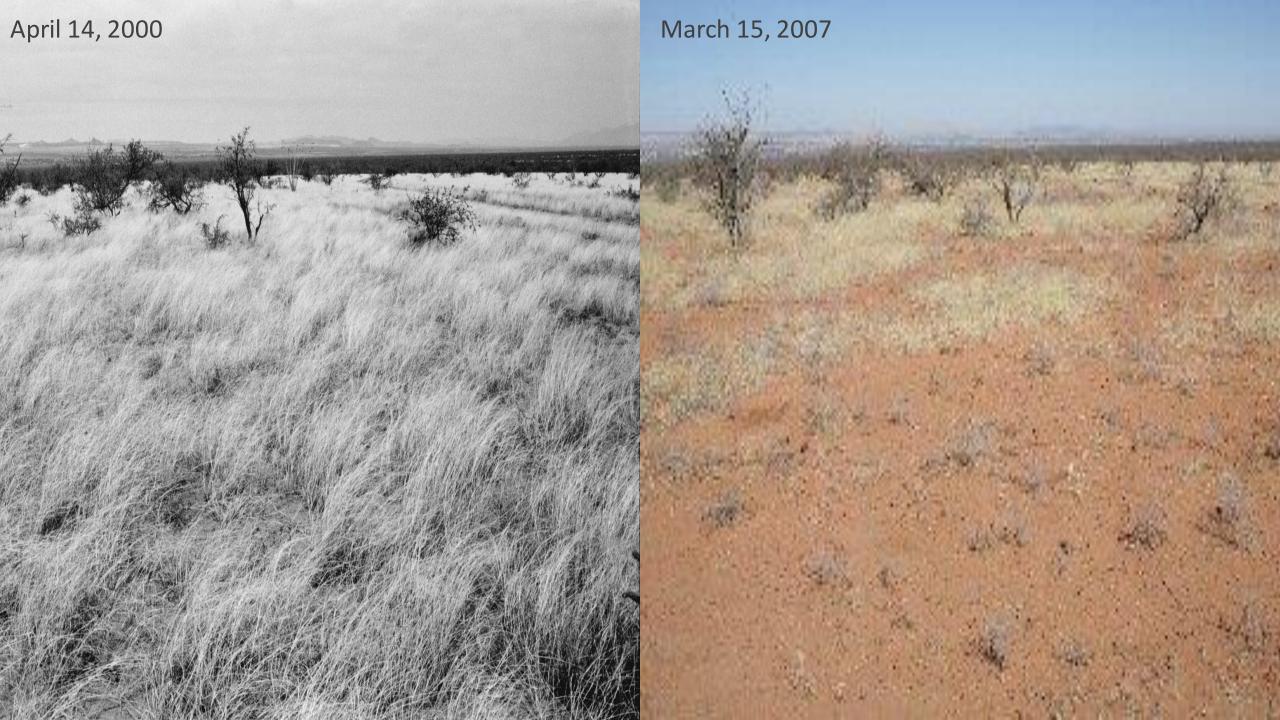
SRER: *stocking* rate

- David Griffith's was original full time researcher on SRER
- Tasked with establishing a standardized stocking rate for cattle across the American West
- This imperative highlights the inherent difficulty in ecological study
- •"in a region where the seasons, the altitude, the slope and the rainfall are so variable."-David Griffith's, 1904

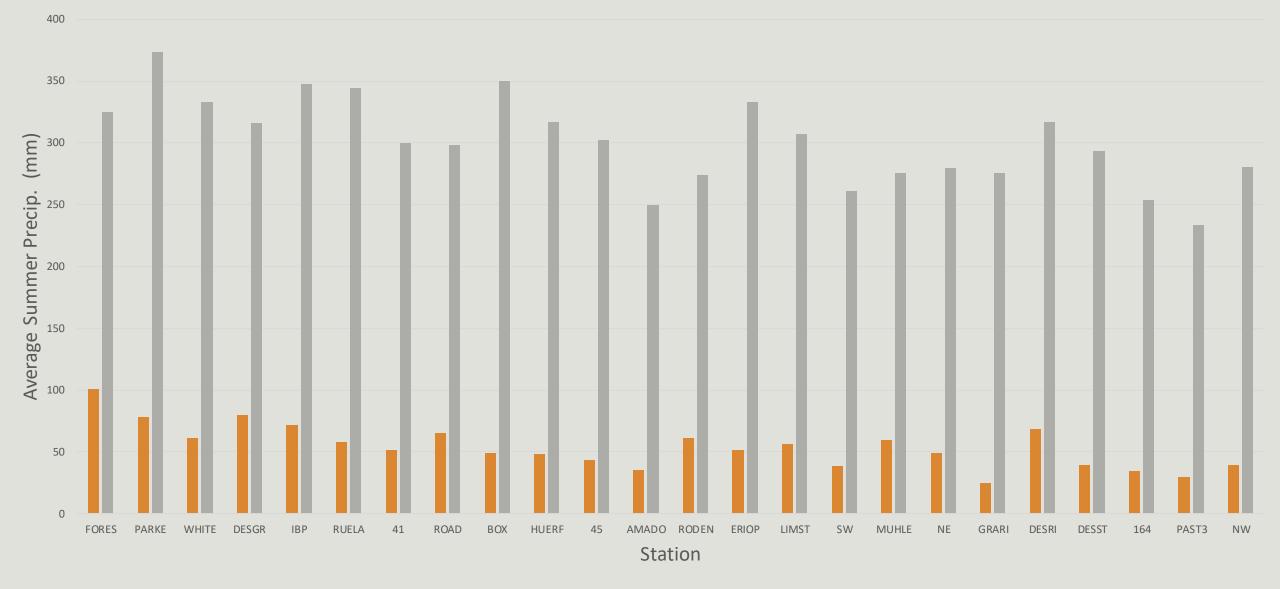




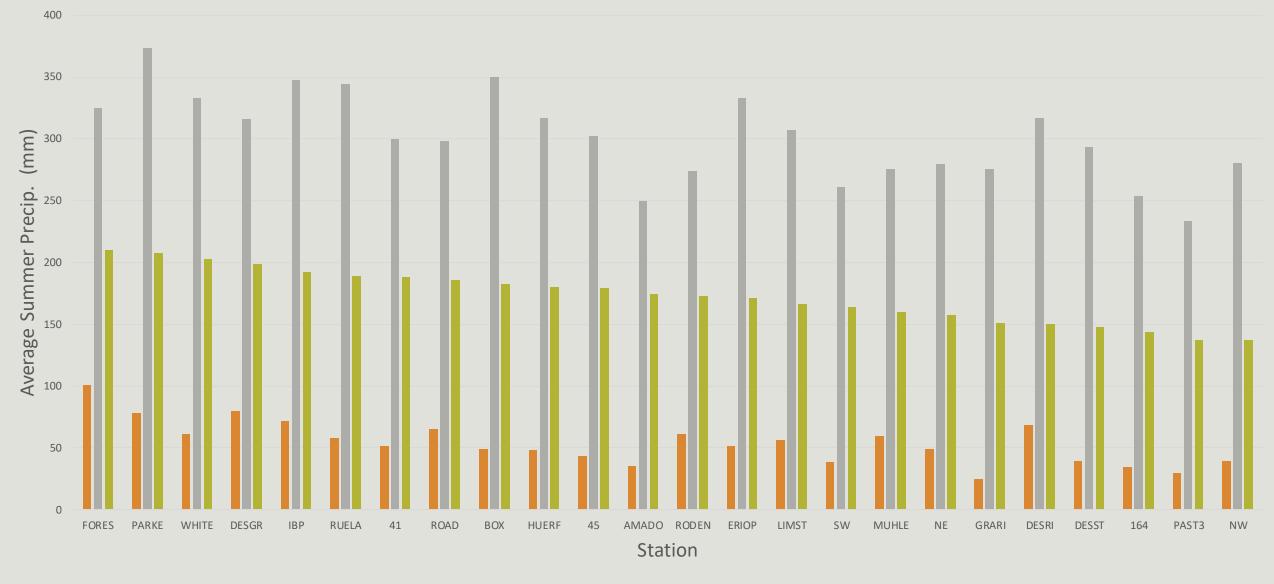




SRER Summer (May-Sept) Precipitation Values



SRER Summer (May-Sept) Precipitation Values





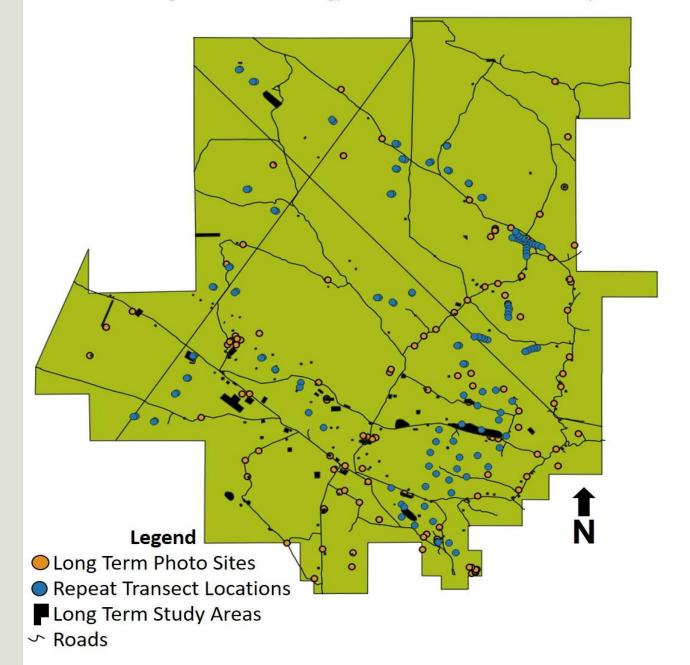


SRER Research Legacy

- Foundational research on fundamental ecological principles related to semi-arid ecosystems
- Early implementation of ecological restoration practices
- Creation of point line intercept method
- Rest rotation grazing and livestock exclusion
- Working landscape and adaptive management

Santa Rita Experimental Range

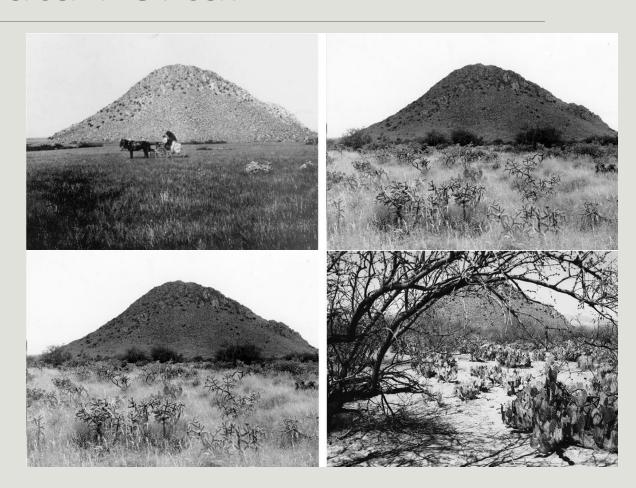
Long Term Monitoring, Research and Transect Map



SRER Website and Data Portal

New SRER website can be found at:

https://cals.arizona.edu/srer/



SRER: present

SRER: ecological laboratory

- >1,000 peer reviewed publications
- Average of 35 active research projects /year
- •10-12 new studies implemented annually
- Average of 10 long term studies (>5year)









Florida Station







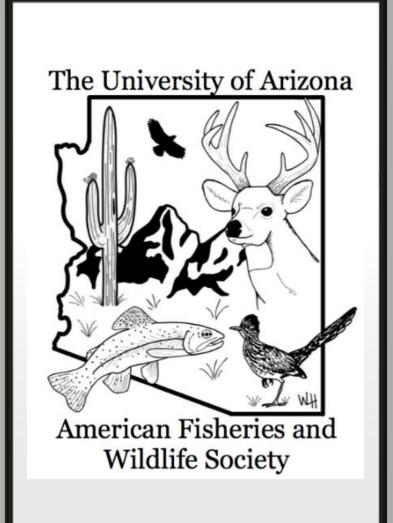




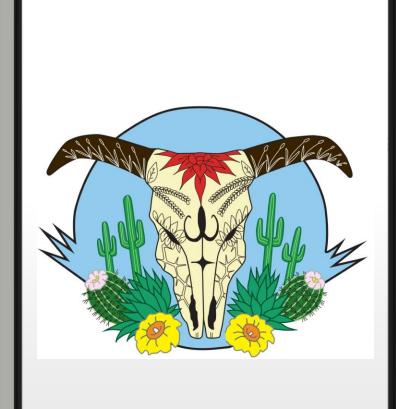




SRER: student engagement









Stillersity of Aminons

Ecological Restoration







SRER Research in the 1940's...



County Agents View an Introduced Lovegrass

Photographer unknown. January 1940.

Majority of SRER research is now women led









SRER: future

- Synthesis of SRER data into research ready tool kits
- Continued development and outreach with focus on inclusion, public engagement and STEAM driven education opportunities
- Long term predictive modeling for climate and precipitation
- Incorporation of additional remote environmental monitoring technologies
- Ecological restoration and broadening of traditional ecological practices
- Multi platform, multi spectrum imaging and remote sensing
- Recreation management
- Human/wildlife interaction



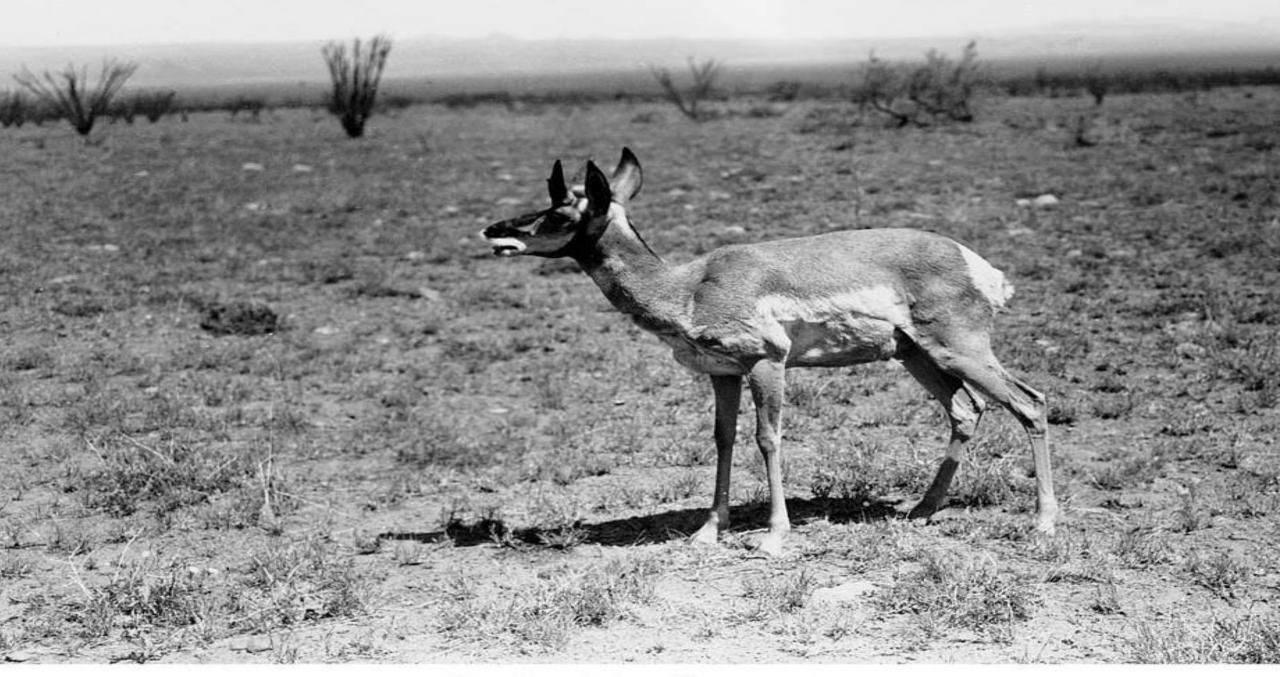
SRER: research, change, and perspective

"A science of land health need, first of all, a base datum of normality, a picture of how healthy land maintains itself as an organism" -Aldo Leopold, A Sand County Almanac [Wilderness as a Laboratory]









"Photo of 'Skippy' at Station No. 126." 7/14/37



Organization of Biological Field Stations

Supporting environmental research, education, and public understanding