Urban IPM Extension Grant

I. Project Title: Children's Environmental Health Program

II. Project Leader: Dawn H. Gouge

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III. Project Team Members:

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Dawn H. Gouge, Urban Entomologist, University of Arizona

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Paul Rasmussen, Arizona DEQ

Gregg Smith, Physical Engineer, Salt Lake City School District

Jennifer L. Snyder, Research Specialist, University of Arizona

Roy Swearengine, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community

IV. Location: State of Arizona and Southeast border region with Sonora, MX.

V. Critical Issue/Situation to be Addressed:

Expansion of the IPM in Schools program and incorporation of IAQ layer. The Arizona IPM in Schools program has affected over a quarter of a million children in public and tribal lands through voluntary adoption of the Monroe IPM Model. The program now involves a critical mass of districts in the Phoenix metropolitan area, additional sites are located in Tucson, on the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, and Hopi lands. The program has secured previous funds from the UA Extension office, Region 9 EPA, Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, and HEPO. Additionally, in January 2005, the program formed partnerships with state and international agencies for IPM implementation in the Arizona-Sonora border school districts. The program's original goal of regional expansion, rather than a school district-by-district approach, is being realized even as federal grant monies (US EPA region 9) for the implementation of the IPM in Schools are coming to an end. To maintain the IPM in Schools program's expansion efforts, the program plans to:

1. Compile a kit of program innovations. This is not a stand-alone kit, but rather a compilation of innovations used to inform interested school districts and others about the program, and will supplement education and training efforts by the IPM/IAQ implementation team. These "informational kits" will consist of a CD and/or VHS and printed materials, and will combine our current Monroe IPM Model innovations with an adapted version of the EPA's Tools for Schools. Kits will be used by the Arizona's IPM in Schools Coalition to achieve complete state-



wide expansion; the Coalition consists of school districts, non-governmental agencies, state agencies, industry, a team of national IPM implementers, and University staff, all of whom work as a team toward state-wide implementation.

2. Provide salary support for UA staff Jennifer L. Snyder, Research Specialist and State IPM Coordinator. The reduction of hard money for technical lines has resulted in the need to raise ten percent of technical position salaries for the 2005-2006 year. The anticipated soft money percentage for 2006-2007 year is 20%.

VI. Expected Outcomes:

Short term results from the proposed budget spending include:

- Increased knowledge of Coalition members as to the tools and innovations used in school IPM/IAQ implementation.
- 2. Improved ability for Coalition members to share program information and resources with colleagues, neighboring school districts, and interested agencies.
- 3. Salaried position support will allow for continued immediate support for the IPM/IAQ School program, including publication of the monthly IPM/IAQ newsletter ("Pest Press"), school staff training and awareness, coordination of quarterly Coalition meetings, and overall support for state IPM/IAQ Director, Dawn H. Gouge.

Medium term results from the proposed budget spending include:

- 1. Adoption of IPM/IAQ by additional school districts leading to immediate elimination of all unnecessary pesticide applications on pilot school grounds (later district-wide), decreased risk of absenteeism due to pesticide spraying, reduced risk of exposure to asthma triggers from pesticide applications, increased school staff awareness of sanitation and pest conducive conditions, increased staff awareness of their role in sustainable school IPM, and a decrease in overall number of pest occurrences on school grounds.
- 2. Salaried position support will allow for coordination of annual IPM workshops, the addition of Indoor Air Quality assessments and training to existing IPM school programs as a way of addressing additional children's environmental health issues, and continued program expansion overall throughout the state of Arizona.

VII. Plan for Evaluation:

The IPM/IAQ in Schools program will evaluate desired outcomes for grant funding through:

- Arizona Coalition Meetings, which convene quarterly and encourage the group's self-assessment.
- o Training school district facilities and maintenance staff in IAQ monitoring and tools, such as the use of radon kits.
- The STAR Certification, awarded to school districts by the IPM Institute of North America for achieving strict, specific IPM standards.
- Continued US EPA Children's Environmental Health Awards (which in 2005 were given to Mesa Public, Washington Elementary, and Kyrene school districts).
- o State agency and NGO recognition awards.

VIII. Outputs:

The Arizona IPM in Schools program provides education and training to school districts for adoption of IPM/IAQ on a voluntary basis. IPM (Integrated pest management) is an ecologically based pest management strategy that provides long-term management of pest problems with minimum impact on human health, the environment and non-target



LOGIC MODEL for **School IPM Program**

SITUATION	INPUTS	OUTPUTS		OUTCOMES - IMPACT		
		Activities	Participation	Short	Medium	Long Term
To meet the growing demands of	Staff effort and time will be	Develop tools and resources	Those involved in using	Short term impacts from	The IPM/IAQ kit will allow	By virtue of IPM/IAQ
the IPM in Schools program in	put into updating IPM/IAQ	in the IPM/IAQ kit.	the IPM/IAQ kit include	the IPM/IAQ Kit include	for more efficient networking	expansion efforts
Arizona state, current	documents and determining	Head production and	eight public school	increased knowledge of	with neighboring/interested	undertaken in the
participating school districts are	criteria for which documents	dissemination of kits.	districts, two tribal lands	Monroe IPM/IAQ Model	school districts, dialogue	partnership with Arizona
being encouraged to partner with	would best serve the	Conduct a 1-year evaluation	school districts, and one	steps and implementation	and communication on	Sonora 2012
neighboring districts who in this	purposes of the kit.	of the kit's impact on	private school district (all	processes by Coalition	IPM/IAQ, and recruitment of	Commission, IPM/IAQ k
way will become aware of the		program expansion.	in Arizona), as well as	members and interested	new school districts in the	contents will be
health, safety, financial, and	Money is needed for		prospective/interested	others. Also, the kit	IPM/IAQ in Schools	translated into Spanish
other benefits of switching to a	compiling the IPM/IAQ kit for	70% of the Research	school districts, University	allows for the potential of	program.	via the process of
sustainable IPM program.	printing and photocopying	Specialist position(Jennifer	of Arizona extension staff	program improvement by		sharing this resource,
As federal support for the	costs, the purchase of	Snyder) is dedicated to IPM	from around the state,	the involvement of state	Both the IPM/IAQ kit and the	and assisting in progran
program in Arizona comes to an	binders, and CDs and/or	in Schools (30% toward lab	campus staff, state	agencies, industry, and	R.S. position will facilitate	implementation into that
end, this new district-partnering	VHS.	research). Jen also serves	agencies, the Arizona-	other organizations.	adoption of IPM/IAQ by	region.
approach to continued expansion		as the Arizona IPM	Sonora 2012		additional school districts.	
on a long term basis would	Considerable time will be	Coordinator, who organizes	Commission, non	Research Specialist	This will result in the	Ultimately, fewer school
benefit considerably from an	dedicated toward putting	quarterly Coalition meetings,	governmental	position will allow for	elimination of all	aged children will be
Arizona IPM/IAQ kit.	these kits together.	annual IPM/IAQ workshop,	organizations, and	continued immediate	unnecessary pesticide	exposed to unnecessary
		produces monthly, bi-	interested members of	support for the IPM/IAQ	applications on school	pesticides in schools,
The reduction of hard money for	To fulfill funding	monthly and quarterly	the pest control industry.	School program,	grounds, decreased risk of	contributing to healthier
technical lines has resulted in the	requirements for the	reports on program status		including publication of	absenteeism due to	environments, fewer
need to raise ten percent of	Research Specialist position,	for various groups. Jen	The Research Specialist	the monthly IPM/IAQ	pesticide spraying, reduced	asthma triggers, and
technical position salaries for the	time is being put into	publishes a monthly	position regularly	newsletter ("Pest Press"),	risk of exposure to asthma	increased attendance.
2005-2006 year. It is essential	constructing grant proposals.	newsletter, provides	interacts with all of the	school staff training and	triggers from pesticide	
that the Urban IPM Research		technical support for IPM	above as well as	awareness, monthly	applications, increased	
Specialist position be maintained		Specialists in schools,	personnel from US EPA	reports, coordination of	school staff awareness of	
as a full time position.		provides ongoing IPM	Region 9, Monroe County	quarterly Coalition	sanitation and pest	
		education to the school	Community School	meetings, and overall	conducive conditions,	
		community, aides in the	Corporation, Indiana	support for state IPM/IAQ	increased staff awareness	
		development of Monroe IPM	University, Westerville	Director, Dawn H.	of their role in sustainable	
		Model tools, and processes	City Schools, Auburn	Gouge.	school IPM/IAQ, and a	
		arbo-virus vector samples	University, University of		decrease in overall number	
		and general arthropod	Florida, and Salt Lake		of pest occurrences on	
		submissions.	City Schools.		school grounds.	

Assumptions: (Beliefs, expectations, and principles that guide our work.)

- 1. We believe that everyone is interested in the concern over children's environmental health
- 2. We expect that everyone wants to do what they can to improve children's environmental health with the least amount of financial inpu and the most immediate and efficient return.
- 3. We are guided by the principle that improved knowledge of urban arthropods will lead to the correct, more efficient (and overall decreased) use of pesticides.
- 4. We are committed to the sharing of information based on this principal.

Environment: (Influential factors)

- 1. The Arizona State Governor has identified asthma and pesticides as two important factors to be studied in children's environmental health.
- 2. Asthma is the most common, chronic childhood disease; more than one in twelve school-aged children (at least five million) have bee diagnosed with asthma.
- 3. Pesticides and insect allergens are two of the most common asthma triggers in schools; both have been shown to be significantly reduced by Integrated Pest Management and Indoor Air Quality programs.
- 4. There is a common misconception that IPM/IAQ programs cost too much, that the monthly sprays applied by low-bid pest control companies are actually preventing pests (data has repeatedly shown that both are not true) and are harmless to children. The University of Arizona Cooperative Extension can play a key educational role by facilitating school districts as they transition from traditional pest control practices on to programs that are proactive, sustainable, affordable and significantly improve children's environmental health.